MODELS 48-200, 48-200-I, 48-214, PHILCO CORP. Code 125

Codes 121 of these models use oscillator transformer part number 32-3880. Codes 122 use oscillator transformer part number 32-4263.

Code 121 of each of these three models is identical to Code 125 of each model, with the following exceptions:

- 1. The type 35Y4 rectifier tube was replaced by a type 35Z5GT tube.
- 2. The type 50L6GT output tube was replaced by a type 50A5 tube.



MODEL 48-200 (Walnut) MODEL 48-200-I (Ivory)

MODEL 48-214



Circuit Description

The Philco Models 48-200, 48-200-I and 48-214 are 5-tube, table-model superheterodyne radios, providing reception in the standard broadcast band. The three models, which started in factory production as Code 125, are identical, except for cabinet and dial parts, as indicated in the parts list.

The high-impedance loop aerial normally provides adequate signal pickup. An external aerial may be connected, if desired, by detaching the aerial lead (shown in figure 6) from the chassis, and connecting the lead to an external aerial lead-in. Do not use a ground.

The loop is coupled to the 7A8 converter tube. Variable-condenser tuning is employed, the oscillator rotor-section plates being shaped to obtain tracking, thus eliminating the necessity for a series padding condenser.

The 7A8 is transformer coupled to the 14A7 i-f amplifier, which is also transformer coupled to the diodes of the 14B6 second detector-first audio-frequency amplifier. A-v-c voltage is applied to the control grids of both the i-f and converter tubes.

The triode section of the 14B6 is the first audio tube. The output tube is transformer coupled to a permanent-magnet dynamic speaker.

half-wave rectifier, the output of which is filtered by a two-section resistor-condenser filter.

Condenser C304 in Section 3, figures 3 and 5, is a special condenser, inductively wound to form a series-tuned circuit, resonant at the intermediate frequency. This special condenser offers less impedance at this frequency than a conventional condenser, thus permitting higher i-f gain, with no tendency toward instability. Since the tuning gang is connected to the chassis, by-passing at broadcast and short-wave frequencies is adequate. The inductive effect is negligible at audio frequencies.

The 150,000-ohm resistor, R100, in Section 1, prevents hum which might otherwise occur under conditions of high humidity.

SPECIFICATIONS

CABINET:
Models 48-200 and 48-200-I Bakelite
Model 48-214
CIRCUIT Five-tube superheterodyne
FREQUENCY RANGE540 to 1620 kc.
OPERATING VOLTAGE 105 to 120 volts, a.c. or d.c.
POWER CONSUMPTION30 watts
AERIALLoop fastened to cabinet; terminal also provided for outside aerial
INTERMEDIATE FREQUENCY455 ke
PHILCO TUBES (5),
7A8, 14A7, 14B6, 50L6GT, 35Y4
THE STATE OF A SHAPE

PANEL LAMP, 6-8-volt, bayonet base, Part No. 34-2068 Philco TROUBLE-SHOOTING Procedure

In this manual, the schematic diagram is divided into four sections, with a chassis layout for each section, showing components and test points for each section. The test points are also indicated on the schematic diagram in the corresponding section. A simplified trouble-shooting procedure is given in a chart for each section. The first step in each chart is a master stage, and is resistance coupled to the 50L6GT output check, indicating whether trouble exists in that section. Failure to obtain the "NORMAL INDICATION" in a given step indicates trouble, which should be lo-D-c operating voltages are obtained from a 35Y4 cated by voltage, resistance, or capacitance checks of parts indicated in the step, and remedied before testing further.

Preliminary Checks

The following preliminary checks are recommended before turning on the radio:

- 1. Carefully inspect both top and bottom of the chassis. Make sure that all tubes are secure in the proper sockets (see figure 6), and look for bad connections, burnt resistors, or other obvious sources of trouble.
- 2. Measure the resistance between B plus and B minus (test points C and B- in figure 1), using the ohmmeter polarity giving the highest resistance reading; if the reading is lower than 50,000 ohms, check C101A, C101B, and C101C, for leakage or shorts.

Section 1

PHILCO CORP.

MODELS 48-200, 48-200-I, 48-214, Code 125

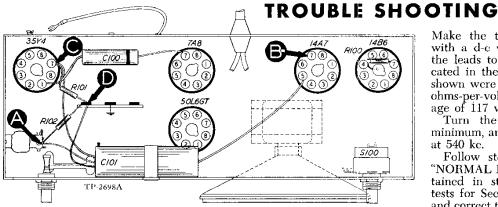


Figure 1. Bottom View, Showing Section 1 Test Points

Make the tests for this section with a d-c voltmeter, connecting the leads to the test points indicated in the chart. The voltages shown were taken with a 20,000-ohms-per-volt meter at a line voltage of 117 volts, 60 cycles.

Turn the volume control to minimum, and set the dial pointer at 540 kc.

Follow steps in sequence. If "NORMAL INDICATION" is obtained in step 1, proceed with tests for Section 2; if not, isolate and correct the trouble within this section.

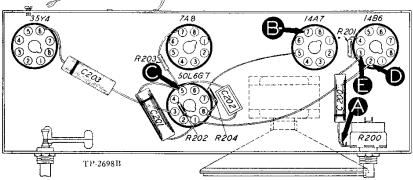
STEP	TEST POINTS	NORMAL INDICATION	ABNORMAL INDICATION	' I POSSIBLE CALISE DE ARNOPMAL INDICATION	
1	A to B—	90v		Trouble within this section; isolate by the following tests.	
2	C to B	115v	No voltage Low voltage High voltage	Defective 35Y4 tube, Shorted Cl01A, Defective 35Y4 tube, Open Cl01A or I100, Leaky Cl01A, Open R101.	
3	D to B—	105v	No voltage Low voltage High voltage	Shorted Cl01B. Open Cl01B. Leaky C'01B or C203. Open R102, T200, or R204.	
4	A to B	90v	No voltage Low voltage High voltage	Shorted Cl01C. Leaky Cl01C. Open R204.	

Listening Test: Abnormal hum may be caused by open C101A, C101B, or C101C.

Make tests for this section by using an audio signal. Connect ground lead of signal generator to

TROUBLE SHOOTING

Section 2



using an audio signal. Connect ground lead of signal generator to B—; connect output lead through a .1-mf condenser to the test points indicated in the chart. Set the volume control at maximum. If "NORMAL INDICATION" is obtained in step 1, proceed with tests for Section 3; if not, isolate and correct the trouble within this section.

Figure 2. Bottom View, Showing Section 2 Test Points

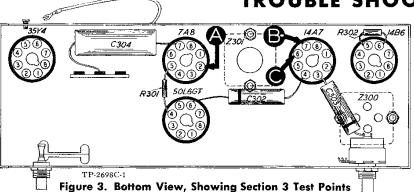
STEP TEST POINT		NORMAL INDICATION	POSSIBLE CAUSE OF ABNORMAL INDICATION		
1	A	Loud, clear signal with low signal-generator output	Trouble within this section; isolate by the following tests.		
2	С	Clear signal with high signal- generator output	No signal: Open or shorted LS200 or T200. Shorted C203. Open R204. Defective 50L6GT tube. Weak or distorted signal: Defective 50L6GT tube. or LS200. Leaky C202 or C201. Open R203. Shorted R204.		
3	D	Same as step 2	No signal: Open C201. Weak or distorted signal: Leaky C201.		
4	E	Same as step 1	No signal: Open R202. Defective 14B6 tube. Weak or distorted signal: Shorted C200. Open R201. Defective 14B6 tube.		
5	A	Same as step 1 Note: Rotate R200 through range	No signal: Open C200. Shorted C300D. Weak or distorted signal: Defective R200.		

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MODELS 48-200, 48-200-I, 48-214, PHILCO CORP Codes 121, 122, 125

TROUBLE SHOOTING

Section 3

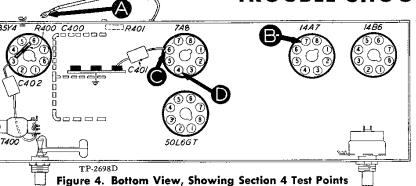


Make tests for this section by using an r-f signal generator with modulated output. Set generator frequency to 455 kc. Connect ground lead of signal generator to B—; connect output lead through a .l-mf condenser to the test points indicated in the chart. Set the volume control at maximum. If "NORMAL INDICATION" is obtained in step-1, proceed with tests for Section 4; if not, isolate and correct the trouble within this section.

STEP TEST POINT		NORMAL INDICATION	POSSIBLE CAUSE OF ABNORMAL INDICATION		
I	A Clear signal with low signal- generator output		Trouble within this section; isolate by the following tests.		
2	2 C Same as step 1		No signal: Open or shorted Z300. Defective 14B6 or 14A7 tube. Open R301. Shorted C303. Weak or distorted signal: Leaky C303. Open C303 or C304. Defective 14B6 or 14A7 tube. Misaligned Z300. Leaky or open C302.		
3	A	Same as step 1	No signal: Open or shorted Z301. Weak or distorted signal: Misaligned Z301.		

TROUBLE SHOOTING

Section 4



Make tests for this section by using an r-f signal generator with modulated output. Set frequency as noted in chart. Connect generator ground lead to B-; connect output lead through a .l-mf condenser to the test points indicated in the chart.

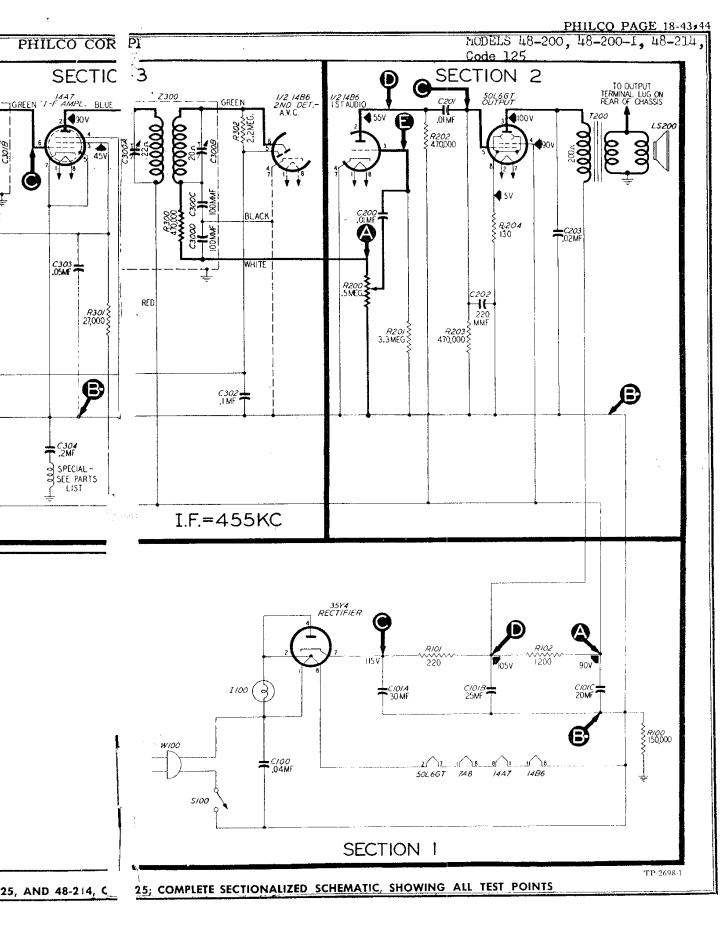
Inspect tuning condensers for bent plates, dirt, or poor wiper contacts; any or all of these will cause noise. If "NORMAL INDICATION" is not obtained in step 1, isolate trouble by following the remaining steps.

	TEST POINT	DIAL SETTINGS				
STEP		SIG. GEN.	RADIO	NORMAL INDICATION	POSSIBLE CAUSE OF ABNORMAL INDICATION	
1	А	540 kc	540 kc	Clear signal with low signal-generator output	Trouble within this section; isolate by the following tests.	
2	Osc. Test (see Note below)		540 to 1620 ke	Negative voltage	Open or shorted T400, C402, or R400. Shorted C400 or C400B. Defective 7A8 tube.	
3	С	540 kc	540 kc	Same as step 1	No signal: Open or shorted Z301. Shorted C400 or C400A. Defective 7A8 tube. Weak or distorted signal: Shorted or open LA400. Defective 7A8 tube.	
4	A	540 ke	540 kc	Same as step I	Weak signal: Open C401.	

NOTE: Oscillator test.—Connect positive lead of a 20,000-ohms-per-volt meter to B—; prod end of negative lead through a 100,000-ohm isolating resistor to test point D. Proper operation of oscillator is indicated by a negative voltage of 9 to 12 volts throughout range of tuning condenser.

NOTE: ALL VOLTAGES AND CAPACITY AND RESISTANCE VALUES SHOWN ARE AVERAGE. THE VOLTAGES BETWEEN TEST POINT B: AND OTHER POINTS INDICATED WERE MEASURED WITH A 20,000-OHMS-PER-VOLT METER; VOLUME CONTROL AT MINIMUM AND TUNING CONDENSER PLATES FULLY MESHED.

FIGURE 5. PHILCO MODELS 48-200, CODE 125, 48-200-I, CODE 125, AND 48-214, C



MODELS 48-200, 48-200-1, 48-214,

Code 125

CO CORP.

ALIGNMEN PROC

TURN ON THE RADIO POWER,

. SET THE VOLUM

DIAL POINTER—Turn tuning condensers to fullmesh position. Set dial pointer to index dot, located to the left of "55."

OUTPUT METER—Connect to left (output) in and center (chassis) lug of terminal pand shown in figure 6.

SIGNAL (B-; con chart.

	SIGNAL GENERAT	OR	RADIO			
STEP	CONNECTIONS TO RADIO	DIAL SETTING	DIAL SETTING	SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS	JUST	
.l				Turn C301B (copper screw) down tight.		
2	Through A-mf. condenser to test-point C of Section 4.	455 kc.	540 kc.	Adjust trimmers, in the order given, for maximum output.	C300A C300B C301A C301B	
3	Through 100-mmf. condenser to ex- ternal aerial con- nector.	1600 kc.	1600 kc.	Disconnect external aerial lug from chassis. Adjust trimmer for maximum output.	C490B	
4	Same.	1500 kc.	1500 kc.	Adjust for maximum output.	 	

SYMBOLIZATION AND TERMINOLOGY

All components in the radio circuits are symbolized and located as follows:

C-condenser

LA—loop aerial

S—switch

I—pilot lamp I—choke or coil

LS—loudspeaker R—resistor T—transformer Z—electrical

--electrical assembly

100-series components are in Section 1—the power supply.

200-series components are in Section 2—the second detector, a-v-c, and audio circuits.

300-series components are in Section 3—the i-f am-

100-series components are in Section 4—the aerial, r-f, and oscillator circuits.

MEF PROCEDURE

OWER, - SET THE VOLUME CONTROL FULL ON

output) lt ninal pa**n**e SIGNAL GENERATOR—Connect ground lead to B—; connect output lead as indicated in the chart

OUTPUT LEVEL—During alignment, adjust the signal-generator output to maintain an output-meter indication below 1.25 volts.

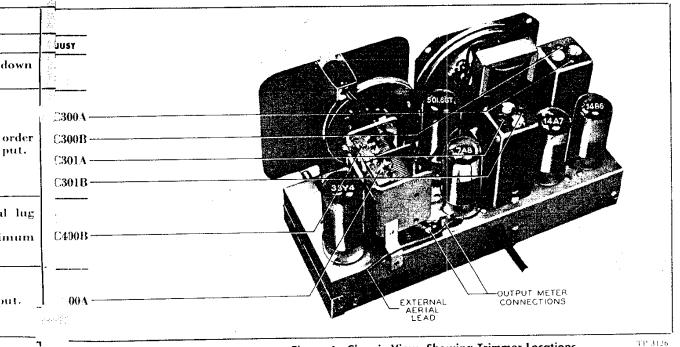


Figure 6. Chassis View, Showing Trimmer Locations

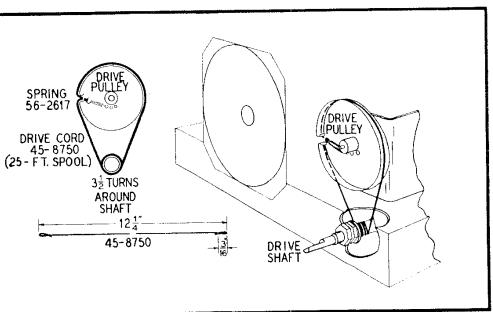


Figure 7. Drive-Cord Installation Details

TP 2698E

RP. MODELS 48-200, 48-200-I, 48-214, Code 125

REPLACEMENT PARTS LIST

NOTE: Parts marked with an asterisk (*) are general replacement items, and the numbers listed may not be identical with those on factory assemblies; also, the electrical values of some replacement items furnished may differ from the values indicated in the schematic and parts list. The values substituted in any case are so chosen that the operation of the instrument will be either unchanged or improved. When ordering replacements, use only the "Service Part No." in this parts list.

	SECTION 1		SECTION 4				
Symbol	Description	Service Part No.	Symbol	Description	Service Part No.		
C100	Condensér, line filter, .04 mf.	45-3500-2*	C400	Condenser, tuning, 2-section	31-2527-2		
C101	Condenser, electrolytic, 3-sect	ion filter. 30-2573	C400A;	Condenser, trimmer	Part of C400		
C101A:	Condenser, electrolytic, 30 mf	Part of C101	C400B:	Condenser, trimmer	Part of C400		
C101B:	Condenser, electrolytic, 25 mf	Part of C101	C401	Condenser, coupling, 5 mmf.			
C101C:	Condenser, electrolytic, 20 mf	Part of C101	C402	Condenser, isolating, 47 mmf			
R100	Resistor, leakage, 150,000 ohr	ns 66-4153340 *	R400	Resistor, osc., grid, 100,000 oh			
R101	Resistor, filter, 220 ohms	66-1224340*	R401	Resistor, aerial discharge,			
R102	Resistor, filter, 1200 ohms		10101	150,000 ohms	66-4153340*		
S100	Switch, power	Part of R200	T400	Transformer, oscillator			
W100	Power cord and plug	L3363	LA400	Loop aerial:			
I100	Panel lamp	34-2068	Models 48-200, 200-I 32-4052-5 Model 48-214 32-4052-6				
i. -			*	MISCELLANEOUS			
	SECTION 2		Description	MISCELLAINEOUS	Service Part No.		
C200	Condenser, coupling, .01 mf	61-0120*	Cabinet				
C201	Condenser, coupling, .01 mf	61-0120*	Model	48-200			
C202	Condenser, by-pass, 220 mmf.	60-10205307*		48-200-I			
C203	Condenser, by-pass, .02 mf	61-0108*					
R200	Volume control (with power switch), 500,000 ohms	33-5429	Cabinet H Back M	ardware odeI 48-200	27-9879		
R201	Resistor, grid load, 3.3 megor	ms 66-5333340 *		odel 48-200-I			
R202	Resistor, plate load, 470,000 of	ms 66-4473340 *		odel 48-214			
R203	Resistor, grid load, 470,000 of	ms 66-4473340 *	Foot, felt				
R204	Resistor, bias, 130 ohms	66-1123340*					
LS200	Speaker		Model 48-200-I				
T200	Output transformer	Part of LS200	Window, acetate				
ŀ			Models 48-200, 200-I				
			Model 48-214				
ĺ	SECTION 3		Clip, coil mounting28-5002FA1				
	SECTION 3			Hardware			
C302	Condenser, a-v-c by-pass, .1 i		Cord, Pointe	drive (25-ft, spool)	45-8750		
C303	Condenser, screen by-pass, .09		M	odels 48-200, 200-I	27-4891-1		
C304	Condenser, special i-f by-pass			odel 48-214			
R300 R301	Resistor, diode load, 47,000 oh Resistor, screen, 27,000 ohms.		M	odel 48-200	27-5965		
R302	Resistor, a-v-c, 2.2 megohms.		\mathbf{M}	odel 48-200-I	27-5965-1		
Z300	Transformer, 2nd i-f			odel 48-214			
C300A:	, i		Spring	g, drive cord			
C300B;			Wash	er, scale mounting	2W54094		
C300C:	•		Panel, ter	minal, loop aerial	76-2148		
C300D:	Condenser, by-pass, 100 mmf		Panel, la	np assembly			
Z301	Transformer, 1st i-f		Shaft, dri	ve assembly	31-2718		
C301A:	Condenser, trimmer	Part of Z301	Socket, La	oktal	27-6138*		
C301B:	Condenser, trimmer	Part of Z301	Socket, o	etal	27-6174*		